CLAIMS

I claim:

see letter sex 24, 2002

1. An internal combustion engine for producing rotational shaft work comprising

a turbine having an external rotor whereby expanding combustion gases apply a torque to said external rotor;

a compressor;

one or more combustors;

a means for providing compressed air from said compressor to said combustors;

a means for providing fuel to said combustors

a means for mixing and combusting said fuel and air in said combustors;

a means for transmitting rotational shaft work from said external rotor turbine to power said compressor.

- 2. The gas turbine engine of claim 1 wherein said compressor is of the dynamic type comprised of an external rotor having blading directed inward toward the center of rotation thereby allowing for a rotating means of communication between said external rotor of said turbine and said external rotor of said compressor.
- 3. The engine of claim 2 wherein said external rotor turbine consists of a rotating pressure vessel with one or more nozzles with a substantially tangential orientation mounted near the periphery of said pressure vessel wherein said nozzles produce reaction thrust torque from said combustion gases expanded through said nozzles.

- 4. The gas turbine of claim 3 wherein said nozzles are oriented substantially toward an impulse turbine of one or more stages wherein the kinetic energy remaining in the gas jets is converted to rotational shaft power.
- 5. The engine of claim 4 wherein said impulse turbine is located in a substantially axial direction from said nozzles.
- 6. The gas turbine of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 wherein said dynamic compressor is of the axial flow type with said external rotor journaled onto an internal stator containing a plurality of internal bladed stages.
- 7. The gas turbine of claim 6 wherein said internal bladed stages of said dynamic compressor are selected from a group consisting of internal rotor stages and internal stator stages.
- 8. The gas turbine of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 wherein said dynamic compressor is of the centrifugal radial flow type.
- 9. A gas turbine engine for propylision comprising:

a rotating pressure vessel with a plurality of nozzles oriented in a substantially tangential orientation mounted near the periphery of said rotating pressure vessel wherein said nozzles produce gas jets producing reaction thrust torque from said combustion gases expanding through said nozzles;

a plurality of stator vanes which redirect the momentum remaining in said gas jets in a substantially axial direction;

a compressor of the dynamic type comprised of an external rotor thereby allowing for a rotating means of communication between said rotating pressure vessel of said turbine and said external rotor of said compressor;

one or more combustors;

a means for providing compressed air from said compressor to said combustors;

a means for providing fuel to said combustors;

a means for mixing and combusting said fuel and air in said combustors;

a means for transmitting rotational shaft work from said external rotor to said compressor.

- 10. The gas turbine of claim 9 wherein said combustors are located in a substantially axial direction upstream of said nozzles.
- 11. The gas turbine of claim 10 with an additional nozzle oriented axially on the center of rotation for propulsion.
- 12. The gas turbine of claim 9 wherein said combustors are located with a substantially radial orientation anywhere between said nozzles and center of rotation.
- 13. The gas turbine of claims 9, 10, 11 or 12 wherein said dynamic compressor is of the axial flow type with said external rotor journaled onto an internal stator containing a plurality of internal bladed stages.
- 14. The gas turbine of claim 13 wherein said internal bladed stages of said dynamic compressor are selected from a group consisting of internal rotor stages and internal stator stages.
- 15. The gas turbine of claims 9, 10, 11 or 12 wherein said dynamic compressor is of the centrifugal radial flow type.